

STEP III, 2024, Q1 MS

1. (i)

$$\begin{aligned} \frac{1}{r+1} - \frac{1}{r} + \frac{1}{r^2} &= \frac{1}{r^2(r+1)} [r^2 - r(r+1) + (r+1)] \\ &= \frac{1}{r^2(r+1)} [r^2 - r^2 - r + r + 1] = \frac{1}{r^2(r+1)} \end{aligned}$$

*B1

Thus

$$\begin{aligned} \sum_{r=1}^N \frac{1}{r^2(r+1)} &= \sum_{r=1}^N \frac{1}{r+1} - \sum_{r=1}^N \frac{1}{r} + \sum_{r=1}^N \frac{1}{r^2} \\ &= \sum_{r=2}^{N+1} \frac{1}{r} - \sum_{r=1}^N \frac{1}{r} + \sum_{r=1}^N \frac{1}{r^2} \\ &= \frac{1}{N+1} - 1 + \sum_{r=1}^N \frac{1}{r^2} \end{aligned}$$

M1

*A1

as required.

So, as $N \rightarrow \infty$,

$$LHS \rightarrow \sum_{r=1}^{\infty} \frac{1}{r^2(r+1)}, \quad \frac{1}{N+1} \rightarrow 0, \text{ and } \sum_{r=1}^N \frac{1}{r^2} \rightarrow \frac{1}{6}\pi^2$$

and hence

$$\sum_{r=1}^{\infty} \frac{1}{r^2(r+1)} = \frac{1}{6}\pi^2 - 1$$

*B1 (4)

(ii)

$$\frac{1}{r^2(r+1)(r+2)} = \frac{A}{r} + \frac{B}{r^2} + \frac{C}{r+1} + \frac{D}{r+2}$$

M1

$$1 = Ar(r+1)(r+2) + B(r+1)(r+2) + Cr^2(r+2) + Dr^2(r+1)$$

$$r = 0 \quad 1 = 2B \quad B = \frac{1}{2}$$

$$r = -1 \quad 1 = C$$

$$r = -2 \quad 1 = -4D \quad D = -\frac{1}{4}$$

$$r^3 \text{ terms} \quad 0 = A + C + D \quad A = -\frac{3}{4}$$

M1 A1 (3)



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Thus

$$\begin{aligned}\sum_{r=1}^N \frac{1}{r^2(r+1)(r+2)} &= -\frac{3}{4} \sum_{r=1}^N \frac{1}{r} + \frac{1}{2} \sum_{r=1}^N \frac{1}{r^2} + \sum_{r=1}^N \frac{1}{r+1} - \frac{1}{4} \sum_{r=1}^N \frac{1}{r+2} \\ &= -\frac{3}{4} \sum_{r=1}^N \frac{1}{r} + \frac{1}{2} S_N + \sum_{r=2}^{N+1} \frac{1}{r} - \frac{1}{4} \sum_{r=3}^{N+2} \frac{1}{r}\end{aligned}$$

M1

$$= -\frac{3}{4} - \frac{3}{8} + \frac{1}{2} S_N + \frac{1}{2} + \frac{1}{N+1} - \frac{1}{4N+1} - \frac{1}{4N+2}$$

dM1 A1ft

So

$$\sum_{r=1}^N \frac{1}{r^2(r+1)(r+2)} = \frac{1}{2} S_N + \frac{3}{4N+1} - \frac{1}{4N+2} - \frac{5}{8}$$

and taking limits as $N \rightarrow \infty$

M1

$$\sum_{r=1}^{\infty} \frac{1}{r^2(r+1)(r+2)} = \frac{1}{2} \times \frac{1}{6} \pi^2 - \frac{5}{8} = \frac{1}{12} \pi^2 - \frac{5}{8}$$

A1 (5)

(iii)

$$\frac{1}{r^2(r+1)^2} = \frac{A}{r} + \frac{B}{r^2} + \frac{C}{r+1} + \frac{D}{(r+1)^2}$$

M1

$$1 = Ar(r+1)^2 + B(r+1)^2 + Cr^2(r+1) + Dr^2$$

$$r = 0 \quad 1 = B$$

$$r = -1 \quad 1 = D$$

$$r^3 \text{ terms} \quad 0 = A + C$$

$$r^2 \text{ terms} \quad 0 = 2A + B + C + D$$

M1

$$-2 = 2A + C$$

$$A = -2 \quad C = 2$$

Thus

$$\frac{1}{r^2(r+1)^2} = \frac{-2}{r} + \frac{1}{r^2} + \frac{2}{r+1} + \frac{1}{(r+1)^2}$$

A1 (3)



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$$\begin{aligned}\sum_{r=1}^N \frac{1}{r^2(r+1)^2} &= \sum_{r=1}^N \frac{-2}{r} + \sum_{r=1}^N \frac{1}{r^2} + \sum_{r=1}^N \frac{2}{(r+1)} + \sum_{r=1}^N \frac{1}{(r+1)^2} \\ &= \sum_{r=1}^N \frac{-2}{r} + \sum_{r=1}^N \frac{1}{r^2} + \sum_{r=2}^{N+1} \frac{2}{r} + \sum_{r=2}^{N+1} \frac{1}{r^2}\end{aligned}$$

M1

$$= -2 + \frac{2}{N+1} + 2 \sum_{r=1}^N \frac{1}{r^2} - 1 + \frac{1}{(N+1)^2}$$

That is

$$\sum_{r=1}^N \frac{1}{r^2(r+1)^2} = 2S_N - 3 + \frac{2}{N+1} + \frac{1}{(N+1)^2}$$

A1

From part (i),

$$\sum_{r=1}^N \frac{1}{r^2(r+1)} = \frac{1}{N+1} - 1 + \sum_{r=1}^N \frac{1}{r^2} = S_N - 1 + \frac{1}{N+1}$$

Thus

$$\sum_{r=1}^N \frac{1}{r^2(r+1)^2} = 2 \left(\sum_{r=1}^N \frac{1}{r^2(r+1)} + 1 - \frac{1}{N+1} \right) - 3 + \frac{2}{N+1} + \frac{1}{(N+1)^2}$$

M1

$$= 2 \sum_{r=1}^N \frac{1}{r^2(r+1)} - 1 + \frac{1}{(N+1)^2}$$

A1

Letting $N \rightarrow \infty$,

$$\sum_{r=1}^{\infty} \frac{1}{r^2(r+1)^2} = \sum_{r=1}^{\infty} \frac{2}{r^2(r+1)} - 1$$

B1* (5)



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